access()

Never use simply to avoid changing to a less privileged mode

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Part "Original Cigital Coding Rule in XML"

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Attack Categories		 Identity Spoofing Privilege Exploitation	
Vulnerability Categories	 Indeterminate File/Path TOCTOU - Time of Check, Time of Use Privilege escalation problem 		
Software Context	File Management		
Location			
Description	The access() function should not be used to attempt to eliminate the need to change to a less privileged mode. The access() function allows one to check the permissions of a file. access() is vulnerable to TOCTOU attacks. It's commonly accepted that one should never use		
	access() as a way of a privileged mode. As the function should be avoid	voiding changing to a less his is the typical usage, this pided. as the APIs _access and	
APIs	FunctionName	Comments	
	_access	check	
	_waccess	check	
	access	check	
Method of Attack	vulnerabilities is that pabout atomicity of action checking the state or infollowed by an action action. In reality, there the check and the use	The key issue with respect to TOCTOU vulnerabilities is that programs make assumptions about atomicity of actions. It is assumed that checking the state or identity of a targeted resource followed by an action on that resource is all one action. In reality, there is a period of time between the check and the use that allows either an attacker t intentionally or another interleaved process or thread	

^{1.} http://buildsecurityin.us-cert.gov/bsi-rules/35-BSI.html (Barnum, Sean)

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to unintentionally change the state of the targeted resource and yield unexpected and undesired results.

The access() call is a check-category call, which when followed by a use-category call can be indicative of a TOCTOU vulnerability.

Typically, a user uses access() while in privileged mode to determine whether he would be allowed to access a certain resource in a less privileged mode. If access() returns "true", presumably the program continues and uses that resource. However, in the delay between check and use, the attacker has an opportunity to replace the original resource with something else that might NOT have been allowable.

Exception Criteria

Solutions

Solution Applicability	Solution Description	Solution Efficacy
	potentially- restrained resource from a privileged mode.	
Whenever one is tempted to use access().	Avoid the use of symbolic names, and use	Effective.

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		file descriptors when possible.	
	Whenever one is tempted to use access().	The most basic advice for TOCTOU vulnerabilities is to not perform a check before the use. This does not resolve the underlying issue of the execution of a function on a resource whose state and identity can not be assured, but it does help to limit the false sense of security given by the check.	Does not resolve the underlying vulnerability but limits the false sense of security given by the check.
	Whenever one is tempted to use access().	Limit the interleaving of operations on files from multiple processes.	Does not eliminate the underlying vulnerability but can help make it more difficult to exploit.
	Whenever one is tempted to use access().	Limit the spread of time (cycles) between the check and use of a resource.	Does not eliminate the underlying vulnerability but can help make it more difficult to exploit.
Signature Details	Presence of the access() function call.		
Examples of Incorrect Code	<pre>char filename[]="thefile.txt"; if (0 == access(filename,02)) { [] FILE *theFile = fopen(filename, "w+"); [] }</pre>		
Examples of Corrected Code	char filename[]="thefile.txt";		e.txt";

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	Languages • C		
Discriminant Set	Operating Systems		
Recommended Resources	 man page for UNIX access() function² MSDN docs for _access() and _waccess()³ 		
Source Reference	Viega, John & McGraw, Gary. Building Secure Software: How to Avoid Security Problems the Right Way. Boston, MA: Addison-Wesley Professional, 2001, ISBN: 020172152X, pp 215-220.		
	<pre>if (0 != seteuid(userId)) { /* handle error */ } if (0 != setegid(userGid)) { /* handle error */ } if (0 != setgroups(0, 0)) { /* handle error */ } FILE *theFile = fopen(filename, "w+"); [] }</pre>		

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